

# Internalizing Presheaf Semantics: Charting the Design Space

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**Presheaf semantics** can model:

- **Parametricity** (preservation of **relations**),
- **HoTT** (preservation of **equivalences**),
- **Directed TT** (preservation of **homomorphisms**).

Operators for **cheap proofs** of **free preservation theorems**?

- Cubical TT: [Glue](#)
- NVD17, ND18: [Glue](#), [Weld](#)
- Moulin (PhD on internal param'ty):  $\Psi$ ,  $\Phi$
- Our WIP: comparison in more general presheaf models

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# Universal Type Extension Operators (Glue, Weld)

## Final extension of $(T, f)$

$\Gamma \vdash A$  type  
 $\Gamma \vdash P$  prop  
 $\Gamma, P \vdash T$  type  
 $\Gamma, P \vdash f: T \rightarrow A$

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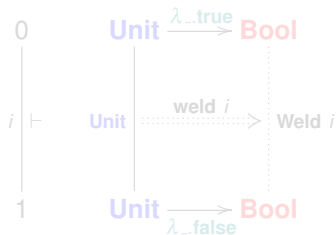
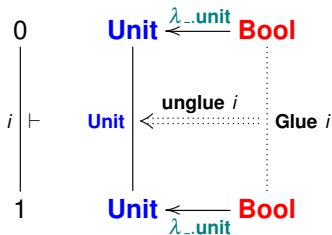
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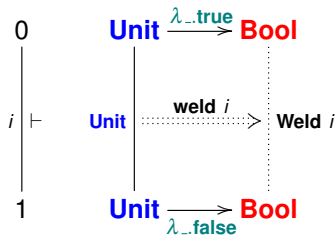
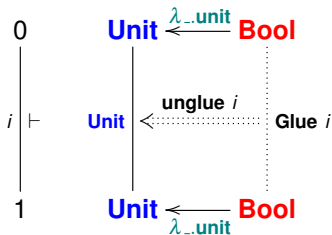
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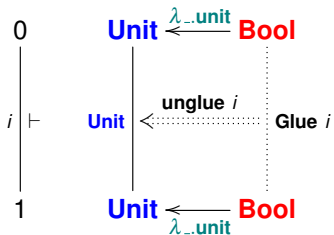
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## Theorem (Cubical TT)

$A$  Kan  
 $T$  Kan  
 $f$  equivalence  


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**Glue Kan**





## Final extension of $(T, f)$

record  $G := \mathbf{Glue} \{ A \leftarrow (P? T, f) \}$

where

- **unglue** :  $G \rightarrow A$
- **reduce** :  $G \rightarrow (- : P) \rightarrow T$
- **coh** :  $(g : G) \rightarrow (- : P) \rightarrow f(\mathbf{reduce} \ g \ -) \equiv_A \mathbf{unglue} \ g$

$G$  extends  $T$

**unglue** extends  $f$

**reduce** is  $\text{id}_T$

**coh** is **refl**

## Initial extension of $(T, f)$

HIT  $W := \mathbf{Weld} \{ A \rightarrow (P? T, f) \}$

where

- **weld** :  $A \rightarrow W$
- **include** :  $(- : P) \rightarrow T \rightarrow W$
- **coh** :  $(a : A) \rightarrow (- : P) \rightarrow \mathbf{include} \ (f \ a) \equiv_W \mathbf{weld} \ a$

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# As (co-)inductive types

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# As pullback/pushout

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathbf{Glue} & \xrightarrow{\text{unglue}} & A \\
 \text{reduce} \downarrow \lrcorner & & \downarrow \text{const} \\
 ((- : P) \rightarrow T) & \xrightarrow{f_{o-}} & (P \rightarrow A)
 \end{array}$$

extending

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 T & \xrightarrow{f} & A \\
 \text{const} \downarrow \lrcorner & & \downarrow \lrcorner \text{const} \\
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 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 P \times A & \xrightarrow{f_{o-}} & (- : P) \times T \\
 \text{snd} \downarrow & & \downarrow \text{include} \\
 A & \xrightarrow{\text{weld}} & \mathbf{Weld}
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## A milling cutter

NL: frees

FR: fraise

DE: Fräser

PL: frez

JP: furaisu

CMN: xǐdāo

If base category has products;  
for any shape  $I$ :

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \prod_i P \times \prod_i A & \longrightarrow & (- : \prod_i P) \times \prod_i T \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \prod_i A & \longrightarrow & \prod_i \text{Weld} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{mill :} \\ (\prod_i \text{Weld} \{A_i \rightarrow (P_i ? T_i, f_i)\}) \\ \cong \\ \text{Weld} \{\prod_i A_i \rightarrow (\forall i. P_i ? \prod_i T_i, f \circ -)\} \end{array}$$



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$$\downarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow$$

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# Debating nomenclature

Glue	Weld
glue	weld
unglue	
Glue	Coglue
glue	counglue
unglue	
FExt	IExt
?	?
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Different name in Cubical TT?

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Different name in Cubical TT?

Universal type extension operators (Glue/Weld):

- Exist in any presheaf model,
- Internalize nothing about the **particular** model.

Combine with something else:

- Box filling (Cubical TT)
- Modalities & identity extension lemma [NVD17]
- **mill** (identifies **shape** types for particular model)

# Boundary-Filling Operators

$(\Phi, \Psi)$

Generalized from:  
Bernardy, Coquand, Moulin (2015)  
Moulin's PhD (2016)



## Definition (Boundary)

For any shape  $\mathbb{I} \in \mathcal{C}$ ,  
the **boundary** is the greatest strict subobject  $\partial\mathbb{I} \subsetneq \mathbf{y}\mathbb{I} \in \widehat{\mathcal{C}}$ .

## Theorem

$$(\mathbf{y}\mathbb{U} \rightarrow \partial\mathbb{I}) \cong (\mathbb{U} \rightarrow \mathbb{I}) \setminus \{\text{split epis}\}.$$

## Note:

$$\varphi : \mathbb{U} \rightarrow \mathbb{V} \text{ split epi} \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \mathbf{y}\varphi : \mathbf{y}\mathbb{U} \rightarrow \mathbf{y}\mathbb{V} \text{ epi}$$

$$\varphi : \mathbb{U} \rightarrow \mathbb{V} \text{ mono} \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \mathbf{y}\varphi : \mathbf{y}\mathbb{U} \rightarrow \mathbf{y}\mathbb{V} \text{ mono}$$

## Example

In Cubical TT:  $\partial\mathbb{I} \cong \mathbf{Bool}$ .

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$$\frac{\begin{array}{l} \Gamma, i : \mathbb{I} \vdash A \text{ type} \\ \Gamma, i : \partial\mathbb{I} \vdash a : A \end{array}}{\Gamma \vdash \mathbf{Filler}_{i,A}(i.a) \text{ type}}$$

$$\mathbf{Filler}_{i,A}(i.a) \cong (f : (i : \mathbb{I}) \rightarrow A) \times ((i : \partial\mathbb{I}) \rightarrow f i =_A a)$$

Example (Cubical TT)

$$\mathbf{Filler}_{i,A}(i.a) = \mathbf{Path}_{i,A}(a[0/i], a[1/i]).$$

For any shape  $\mathbb{I}$ :

$$\frac{\begin{array}{l} \Gamma \vdash f_{\partial} : (i : \partial\mathbb{I}) \multimap (x : A\ i) \rightarrow B\ i\ x \\ \Gamma \vdash h : (\xi : (i : \mathbb{I}) \multimap A\ i) \rightarrow \mathbf{Filler}_{i.B\ i}(\xi\ i) (f_{\partial}\ i\ (\xi\ i)) \end{array}}{\Gamma \vdash \Phi(f_{\partial}, h) : (i : \mathbb{I}) \multimap (x : A\ i) \rightarrow B\ i\ x}$$

$$\Phi(f_{\partial}, h)|_{\partial\mathbb{I}} = f_{\partial}, \quad \Phi(f_{\partial}, h)\ i\ a = h(\lambda i.a)\ i$$

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$$((i : \mathbb{I}) \multimap \Psi(A_{\partial}, P)\ i) \cong (\xi : (i : \partial\mathbb{I}) \multimap A_{\partial}\ i) \times P\ \xi$$

Compare: funext and univalence

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# Problem with diagonals

How to build

$f : (i, j : \mathbb{I}) \multimap (x : A i j) \rightarrow B i j x?$

$f =$

$\Phi^2(f_{00}, f_{01}, f_{10}, f_{11}, h_0, h_1, k_0, k_1, w)$

$f_{00}$

$f_{01}$

$w$

$f_{10}$

$f_{11}$

- $f_{00} a = f_{00} a$
- $f_{0j} a = k_0 (\lambda j. a) j$
- $f_{ij} a = w (\lambda i. \lambda j. a) i j$
- $f_{ii} a = ? (\lambda i. a) i$

**Solution:**

Base category:  $\mathbb{I} \not\rightarrow \mathbb{I} * \mathbb{I}$

Separated product: (cf. nom. sets)

$\llbracket \Gamma, i : \mathbb{I} \rrbracket = \llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket * \mathbf{y}\mathbb{I}$

“Linear” application:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash f : (i : \mathbb{I}) \multimap A i}{\Gamma, i : \mathbb{I} \vdash f i : A i}$$

Incorporating  $\Phi$  (J-P. Bernardy):

$\Gamma, i : \partial\mathbb{I}, \Delta \vdash a_{\partial} : A i$

$\Gamma, (i : \mathbb{I}) \multimap \Delta \vdash$

$h : \mathbf{Filler}_{i.A i[\delta i/\delta]} (a_{\partial}[\delta i/\delta])$

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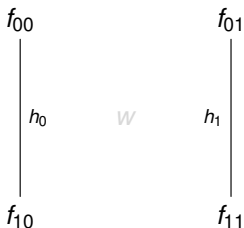
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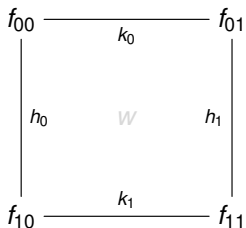
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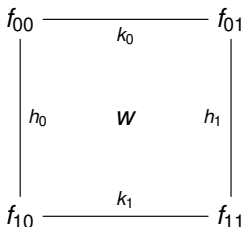
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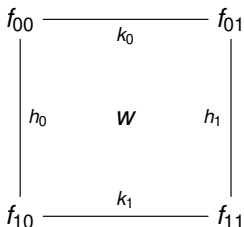
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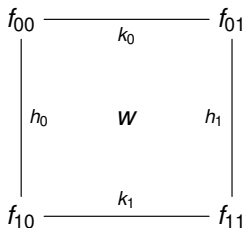
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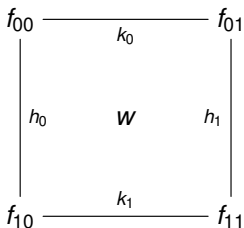
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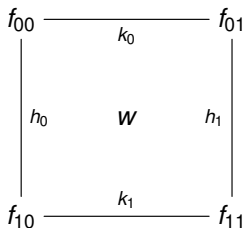
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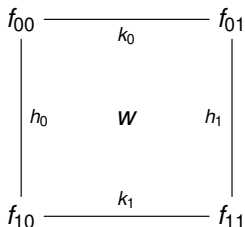
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## Details on semantics

## Definition (Suitable base category)

- sym. **monoidal** with **terminal unit**,
- projection  $(\mathbb{U} * \mathbb{V}) \rightarrow \mathbb{V}$  cartesian on monos,
- generalized Reedy w.r.t. **split epis** and **monos** (can be relaxed)
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## Definition

$\mathcal{C} // \mathbb{U}$ : split epi slices.

## Theorem

$(\mathbb{U} * -, \pi_1) : \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{C} // \mathbb{U}$  is **faithful**.

## Definition (Diagonal-free)

$(\mathbb{U} * -, \pi_1) : \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{C} // \mathbb{U}$  is **full**.

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# Requirements

	Glue	Weld	mill	$\Phi$	$\Psi$	#
mon. base cat.			•	(•)	(•)	(•)
suit. base cat.				•	•	•
cartesian						
diag.-free				•?	•?	•
conn.-free				•	• <sup>1</sup>	•

<sup>1</sup>With connections:  $\Psi$  is sound but underspecified.

# Results

## Theorem

$\Psi, \Phi, \text{colimit systems} \models \text{Glue, Weld, mill}$   
(where  $P$  ranges only over a shape  $\mathbb{U}$ )

**Sketch of proof:** By induction on Reedy-degree of  $\mathbb{U}$

- Define **Glue/Weld/mill** on  $\partial\mathbb{U}$   
 $\partial\mathbb{U} = \text{colim}_i \mathbb{V}_i$  ( $\text{deg } \mathbb{V}_i < \text{deg } \mathbb{U}$ )  
**IH:** defined on  $\mathbb{V}_i$   
**Colimit system:** paste together for  $\partial\mathbb{U}$
- Fill the boundary using  $\Phi/\Psi$ . □

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$$\Psi(A_\partial, P) i = \mathbf{Weld} \{A_\Sigma i \rightarrow (i \in \partial\mathbb{I} ? A_\partial i, f i)\}$$

$$((i : \mathbb{I}) \multimap \Psi(A_\partial, P) i)$$

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$$\cong_{\text{mill}} \mathbf{Weld} \{((i : \mathbb{I}) \multimap A_\Sigma i) \rightarrow (\perp ? \downarrow, \downarrow)\}$$

$$\cong_{\text{ind}_{\mathbf{Weld}}} ((i : \mathbb{I}) \multimap A_\Sigma i)$$

$$\cong_{\text{wanted}} (a_\partial : (j : \partial\mathbb{I}) \multimap A_\partial j) \times (p : P a_\partial)$$

$$A_\Sigma : \mathbb{I} \multimap \mathcal{U}$$

$$A_\Sigma i = (a_\partial : (j : \partial\mathbb{I}) \multimap A_\partial j) \times (p : P a_\partial) \times ((a_\partial, p) \# i)$$

$$\Rightarrow ((i : \mathbb{I}) \multimap A_\Sigma i) \cong (a_\partial : (j : \partial\mathbb{I}) \multimap A_\partial j) \times (p : P a_\partial)$$

$$f : (i : \partial\mathbb{I}) \multimap A_\Sigma i \rightarrow A_\partial i$$

$$f i (a, p, \_) = a i$$

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## Theorem

**Glue, Weld, mill,  $\Psi$ , #  $\not\models \Phi$**

**Sketch of proof:** Pick fully faithful functor  $I : \mathcal{D} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ .

$\widehat{\mathcal{C}} \models \mathbf{Glue}_{\mathcal{D}}, \mathbf{Weld}_{\mathcal{D}}, \mathbf{mill}_{\mathcal{D}}, \Psi_{\mathcal{D}}, \#_{\mathcal{D}},$

$\widehat{\mathcal{C}} \not\models \Phi_{\mathcal{D}}$  (in general, e.g.  $\nabla : \mathbf{Cube} \rightarrow \mathbf{BPCube}$ )

because  $\Phi_{\mathcal{D}}(f_{\partial}, h)$  has no action on  $\mathbb{U}$ -cells for  $\mathbb{U} \in \mathcal{C} \setminus I(\mathcal{D})$ . □



$$\llbracket - \rrbracket : \{\text{System F types}\} \rightarrow \{\text{MLTT types}\}$$

### Theorem

$\Phi_{\text{Cube}}, \Psi_{\text{Cube}} \models$  Every term  $t : \llbracket T \rrbracket$  is parametric.

### Sketch of proof:

use  $\Psi$  to convert  $(A_0, A_1, \bar{A})$  to  $A : \mathbb{I} \multimap \mathcal{U}$ ,

use  $\Phi$  to convert  $(f_0, f_1, \bar{f})$  to  $f : (i : \mathbb{I}) \multimap A i \rightarrow B i$ . □

### Theorem

$\text{Glue}_{\text{Cube}}, \text{Weld}_{\text{Cube}}, \text{mill}_{\text{Cube}}, \Psi_{\text{Cube}}, \#_{\text{Cube}} \not\models \text{Filler}_{\llbracket \dots \rrbracket} \Leftrightarrow \llbracket \dots \rrbracket^{\text{rel}}$

**Proof:**  $\text{BPCube}$  models LHS, not RHS. □

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### Theorem

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## Conclusion

Cartesian  $\Phi$  and  $\Psi$  would be best. (Working on it.)  
Alas: they don't play well with connections.

**Thanks!**

**Questions?**